Department of Statistics Open Elective/Generic Elective (OE/GE) Course

(Semester-I)

Year	Semester	Course Type	Course Code	Course Title	Theory/ Practical	Credits	No. of Lectures/ Practical	Page No.
1 st	т	OE/CE	ST-OE-101T	Basic Statistics-I	Theory	2	2 30T 2-3	2-3
	1	UE/GE	ST-OE-101P	Statistics Practical-I	Practical	2	15P	4-5

(Semester-II)

Year	Semester	Course Type	Course Code	Course Title	Theory/ Practical	Credits	No. of Lectures/ Practical	Page No.
1 st	п	OE/CE	ST-OE-102T	Basic Statistics-II	Theory	2	30T	7-8
	11	UE/GE	ST-OE-102P	Statistics Practical-II	Practical	actical 2 15	15P	9-10

Semester-I

Generic Elective/Open Elective Course (ST-OE-101T): Basic Statistics-I

Course Code & Title	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course		
		Theory	Practical	
ST-OE-101T- Basic Statistics-I	4	2	2	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- To study importance of statistics, scope of statistics, statistical organizations in India.
- To study types of scales, types of data, methods of data collection and sampling methods.
- To study frequency distribution, methods of classification, diagrammatic and graphical representation of data.
- To study various types of measures of central tendencies and measures of dispersion.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course student will be able to:

CO-1: Understand importance of statistics, scope of statistics, statistical organizations in India.

CO-2: Understand the concept of primary data, secondary data, methods of data collection statistical population and sampling methods.

CO-3: Prepare frequency distribution and draw graphs and diagrams.

CO-4: Compute various types of measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion.

SYLLABUS OF ST-OE-101T: Mathematics for Competitive Examination –I

UNIT-I Introduction to statistics

[4 Hours]

1.1.Meaning of Statistics as a Science.

- **1.2.**Importance of Statistics.
- **1.3.**Scope of Statistics: In the field of Industry, Biological sciences, Medical sciences, Economics, Social Sciences, Management sciences, Agriculture, Insurance, Information technology, Education and Psychology.
- **1.4.**Statistical organizations in India and their functions: CSO, ISI, NSSO, IIPS (Devnar, Mumbai), Bureau of Economics and statistics.
- **1.5.**Statistical Heritage (Indian Perspective: Dr. V. S. Huzurbazar, Dr. P. C. Mahalnobis, Dr. P. V. Sukhatme, Dr. C. R. Rao.

UNIT- II Population and Sample

2.1 Types of characteristics: Attributes: Nominal scale, ordinal scale, Variables: Interval scale, ratio scale, discrete and continuous variables.

[6 Hours]

- **2.3** Data collection methods (Survey, laboratory experiments, simulation)
- 2.4 Population, finite population, infinite population, homogeneous population, heterogeneous population, sample, sampling, census method, simple random sampling with and without replacement.

UNIT-III Presentation of Data

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data.

- **3.1** Classification, frequency distribution (discrete and continuous)
- 3.2 Methods of classification: Inclusive and Exclusive Methods, class limits, class boundaries, class marks, class width, open end class, cumulative frequencies, relative frequency, guidelines for the choice of classes.
- **3.3** Diagrammatic Representation of Statistical data: Simple bar diagram, Sub divided bar diagram, Pie chart
- 3.4 Graphical Representation of Statistical data: Histogram, Frequency curve and frequency polygon, ogive curve.

UNIT- IV Measures of Central Tendency

- 4.1 Concept of central tendency, characteristics of good averages.
- 4.2 Arithmetic mean: definition, combined mean of two groups, merits and demerits, numerical examples.
- **4.3** Mode and Median: definition, formulae (for ungrouped and grouped data), demerits.
- 4.4 Empirical relation between mean, median and mode, numerical examples.
- **4.5** Partition values: Quartiles, numerical examples (for ungrouped data and grouped data).

UNIT – V Measures of dispersion

- 5.1 Concept of dispersion, characteristic of good measure of dispersion.
- 5.2 Range, Quartile deviation: definition, merits and demerits, coefficient of Range, coefficient of quartile deviation, numerical examples (for ungrouped data and grouped data).
- 5.3 Variance and Standard deviation: definition, merits and demerits, coefficient of variation, numerical examples (for ungrouped data and grouped data).

ESSENTIAL/RECOMMENDED READINGS:

- 1) Agarwal, B. L. (2003). Programmed Statistics, Second Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2) Ghosh, J. K. and Mitra, S. K., Parthsarthi, K. R. (1993). Glimpses of India's Statistics Heritage, Wiley publishing Co.
- 3) Goon, A. M., Gupta, M. K. and Dasgupta, B. (1983). Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. 1, Sixth Revised Edition, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
- 4) Gupta, S. C. and Kapoor, V. K. (1983). Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Eighth Edition, Sultan Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.

[5 Hours]

[8 Hours]

[7 Hours]

Generic Elective/Open Elective Course (ST-OE-101P): Statistics Practical-I

Course Code &Title	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course		
		Theory	Practical	
ST-OE-101P - Statistics Practical-I	4	2	2	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- To study introduction to ms-excel, basic excel functions and excel worksheet.
- To study various types graphical and diagrammatic techniques.
- To study tabulation and classification.
- To study various types of measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course student will be able to:

CO-1: Get knowledge about introduction to ms-excel, basic excel functions and excel worksheet.

CO-2: Draw various types of graphs and diagrams.

CO-3: Do tabulation and classification of the given data.

CO-4: Compute various types of measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion.

List of Practicals: ST-OE-101P

[60 Hours]

1.	Introduction to MS-EXCEL	[1P]
2.	Working with basic Excel functions (Mathematical)	[1P]
3.	Working with basic Excel functions (Statistical)	[1P]
4.	Formatting data in an Excel worksheet	[1P]
5.	Diagrammatic representation of statistical data: simple and subdivided bar	[1P]
	diagrams, pie diagram.	
6.	Graphical representation of statistical data: Histogram, frequency curve	[1P]
	and ogive curves. Determination of mode and median graphically.	
7.	Tabulation	[1P]
8.	Classification of statistical data	[1P]
9.	Computation of measures of central tendency (ungrouped data).	[1P]
10	. Computation of measures of central tendency (grouped data).	[1P]
11	. Computation of measures of dispersion (ungrouped data).	[1P]
12	. Computation of measures of dispersion (grouped data).	[1P]
13	. Diagrammatic representation of statistical data using MS-EXCEL	[1P]

- 14. Graphical representation of statistical data using MS-EXCEL [1P]
- 15. Computation of summary statistics using MS-EXCEL

[1P]

ESSENTIAL/RECOMMENDED READINGS:

- 1) Agarwal, B. L. (2003). Programmed Statistics, Second Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2) Ghosh, J. K. and Mitra, S. K., Parthsarthi, K. R. (1993). Glimpses of India's Statistics Heritage, Wiley publishing Co.
- **3**) Goon, A. M., Gupta, M. K. and Dasgupta, B. (1983). Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. 1, Sixth Revised Edition, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
- **4)** Gupta, S. C. and Kapoor, V. K. (1983). Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Eighth Edition, Sultan Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.

Semester-II

Generic Elective/Open Elective Course (ST-OE-102T): Basic Statistics-II

Course Code & Title	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course		
		Theory	Practical	
ST-OE-102T- Basic Statistics-II	4	2	2	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- To study moments, skewness and kurtosis.
- To study correlation, types of correlation, scatter diagram and methods of correlation coefficient.
- To study regression, lines of regression, fitting of regression lines, properties and coefficient of determination.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course student will be able to:

CO-1: Understand moments, skewness and kurtosis.

CO-2: Understand the correlation, types of correlation, scatter diagram and methods of correlation coefficient.

CO-3: Understand regression, lines of regression, fitting of regression lines, properties and coefficient of determination.

CO-4: Compute various types of index numbers.

SYLLABUS OF ST-OE-102T: Mathematics for Competitive Examination–I [30 Hours]

UNIT-I Moment, Skewness and Kurtosis

[8 Hours]

- **1.1.**Raw moments for ungrouped and grouped data. Central moments for ungrouped and grouped data, Effect of change of origin and scale. Relations between central moments and raw moments, upto 4-th order (without proof).
- **1.2.**Concept of skewness of frequency distribution, positive skewness, negative skewness, symmetric frequency distribution. Bowley's coefficient of skewness: Bowley's coefficient of skewness lies between -1 to 1 (with proof), interpretation using Box plot. Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness. Measures of skewness based on moments.
- **1.3.**Concepts of kurtosis, leptokurtic, mesokurtic and platykurtic frequency distributions. Measures of kurtosis based on moments.

UNIT- II Correlation

[7 Hours]

- 2.1 Bivariate data, Scatter diagram and interpretation. Concept of correlation between two variables, positive correlation, negative correlation, no correlation. Covariance between two variables: Definition, effect of change of origin and scale, numerical examples.
- **2.2** Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r): Definition, computation for ungrouped data and interpretation. Properties of correlation coefficient and numerical examples.
- 2.3 Spearman's rank correlation coefficient: Concept, definition, formulae for computing rank correlation coefficient between two variables with tie and without tie. Numerical examples.

UNIT-III Regression Analysis

- 3.1 Concept of dependent and independent variables. Identification of response and predictor variables and relation between them.
- 3.2 Meaning of regression, difference between correlation and regression, Connection between correlation and regression.
- 3.3 Regression lines: y on x and x on y; regression equations without derivation, regression coefficients and numerical examples.
- 3.4 Explained and unexplained variation, coefficient of determination and standard error of an estimate of line of regression. Interchanging the role of X and Y.

Unit IV: Index Numbers:

- 4.1 Introduction and scope of Index Numbers. Various types of Index Numbers like Human Development Index, Happiness Index BSE sensitivity Index.
- **4.2** Definition and Meaning. Problems in the construction of index numbers.
- **4.3** Simple and weighted price index numbers based on price relatives. Simple and weighted price index numbers based on aggregates. Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's Index numbers.
- **4.4** Consumer price index number: Considerations in its construction. Methods of construction of consumer price index number - (i) family budget method (ii) aggregate expenditure method

ESSENTIAL/RECOMMENDED READINGS:

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- 4. Gupta, S. C. and Kapoor, V. K. (1983). Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Eighth Edition, Sultan Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.

[7 Hours]

[8 Hours]

Generic Elective/Open Elective Course (ST-OE-102P): Statistics Practical-II

Course Code & Title	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course		
		Theory	Practical	
ST-OE-102P - Statistics Practical-II	4	2	2	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- To study moments, skewness and kurtosis.
- To study correlation, types of correlation, scatter diagram and methods of correlation coefficient.
- To study regression, lines of regression, fitting of regression lines, properties and coefficient of determination.
- To study various types of index numbers.
- To study correlation and regression using MS-Excel.
- To study descriptive statistics and sampling using MS-Excel

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course student will be able to:

CO-1: Understand moments, skewness and kurtosis.

CO-2: Understand the correlation, types of correlation, scatter diagram and methods of correlation coefficient.

CO-3: Understand regression, lines of regression, fitting of regression lines, properties and coefficient of determination.

CO-4: Compute various types of index numbers.

CO-5: Compute correlation coefficient and fit regression lines using MS-Excel.

CO-6: Compute descriptive statistics and draw samples using MS-Excel.

List of Practicals: ST-OE-101P

1. Computations of moments-I (Ungrouped data) [**1P**] 2. Computations of moments-I (Grouped data) [**1P**] 3. Computation measures of skewness, Box plot. (Ungrouped data) [**1P**] 4. Computation of measures of skewness (Grouped data) [**1P**] 5. Computation of measures of kurtosis-I (Ungrouped data) [**1P**] 6. Computation of measures of kurtosis-II (Grouped data) [**1P**] 7. Scatter diagram and correlation coefficient (ungrouped data). [**1P**] 8. Fitting of lines of regression. [2P]

[60 Hours]

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9. Index numbers-I	[1P]
10. Index number-II	[1P]
11. Scatter diagram and computation of correlation coefficient using MS-Excel	[1P]
12. Fitting of regression lines using MS-Excel	[1P]
13. Descriptive statistics using MS-Excel	[1P]
14. Sampling using MS-Excel	[1 P]

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